



Preventing Asthma in High Risk Kids

The PARK Clinical Research Study: Preventing Asthma in High-Risk Kids

www.clinicaltrials.gov NCT #02570984



Baylor
College of
Medicine

Can Asthma be nipped in the bud?

Participation in the PARK study includes the following:

- Monthly telephone calls
- Monthly injection visits for 2 years
- Questionnaires, physical exams and blood tests throughout the 4 years study.
- Allergen skin testing, breathing tests, urine, stool, nasal and house dust sample collections.
- Up to \$2630 compensation for the completion of the entire study.
- Study medication and supplies.

Most children 2-3 years of age with allergy and wheezing illnesses develop asthma.

The purpose of this 4-year study is to see if a medicine, omalizumab (Xolair®), can prevent children from developing asthma. Omalizumab blocks the body's response to allergens such as dust, animal dander, and pollen. This medication is already approved for treating asthma in children 6 years of age and older.



We are looking for children 24 through 47 months of age with:

- Wheezing episodes in the past year
- AND**
- A parent or sibling with a diagnosis of asthma

For more information, please call or email:

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And visit the website at <https://parkstudy.org>

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